



Accession Number: A1304040319 Order Number: Reference Number: Patient: Child Doe Age: 11 Sex: Female Date of Birth: 07/04/2001

4/3/13

4/4/13

4/5/13

7/17/13

7704464583

7704412237

Date Collected:

Date Received:

Report Date:

Telephone:

Reprinted:

Comment:

Fax:

Ordering Physician:

John Doe MD

1234 Main St. Anywhere, GA 30096

0090 ION® Profile

Methodology: ION Exchange HPLC

Child Doe

Amino Acids 20 Profile - Plasma

Ranges: Ages 12 and under.

<u>Es</u>	ssential Amino Acids										
<u>Liı</u>	<u>miting Amino Acids</u>					Ou	intile Rankir	a			95%
		Results	;	1st		2nd	3rd	4th	Ę	5th	Reference Interval
		µmol/L		91	1				1	64	interval
1	Lysine	164	2	91	1				 ◆		70 - 189
•	-			14					2	25	44.00
2	Methionine	22		30	1			•		55	11 - 32
3	Tryptophan	46	-		-			•			23 - 65
Br	anched Chain Amino Acids	;									
				34					(66	
4	Isoleucine	74	H -	66	1				1	23	27 - 83
5	Leucine	123			+				+		54 - 147
6	Valine	257	н	125	- 1		1		2	218	107 - 254
-		207			1			1	1		107 - 254
<u>Ot</u>	her Essential Amino Acids			38						59	
7	Phenylalanine	62	н		-					◆ +	33 - 73
8	Histidine	60		46	1				-	70	39 - 82
0	nistiaine	60		62	1				1	28	39 - 62
9	Threonine	137	н	-	+					+ +	47 - 154
<u>Cc</u>	onditionally Essential Amine	o Acids									
10	Arginino	76		44	- 1		1		9	93	31 - 110
10	Arginine	70	1	33	1			•	1	80	31 - 110
11	Taurine	62	-		+			•			27 - 112
12	Glycine	256		162	-			•	3	315	122 - 400
14		200		78	1			-	1	28	122 400
13	Serine	127	-		+				+		64 - 153

John Doe MD

Amino Acids 20 Profile	- Plasma	Methodology: ION Exchange HPL
Ranges: Ages 12 and under.		
Functional Categories	Results µmol/L	Quintile Ranking 95% 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th Reference
Vascular Function	µmoi/L	Interval
14 Arginine	76	44 93 31 - 110
15 Taurine	62	33 80 27 - 112
Neurotransmitters and Prec	ursors	
16 Phenylalanine	62 <mark>H</mark> ·	38 59 → → 33 - 73
17 Tyrosine	47	35 70 30 - 87
18 Tryptophan	46	30 <u>55</u> 23 - 65
19 Glutamic Acid	69	30 90 24 - 162
20 Taurine	62	33 80 27 - 112
Sulfur Amino Acids (Glutati	<u>hione - related)</u>	
21 Methionine	22	14 <u>25</u> 11 - 32
22 Taurine	62	33 80 27 - 112
Urea Cycle and Ammonia D	etoxification	
23 Arginine	76	44 93 31 - 110
24 Citrulline	29	18 34 12 - 40
25 Ornithine	47	27 74 21 - 104
26 Glutamine	494	361 <u>584</u> 292 - 629
27 Asparagine	45	26 45 21 - 55
28 Aspartic Acid	6.1	5.1 10.9 4.0 - 13.2
<u>Ratios</u>		
29 Phenyalanine/Tyrosine	1.32	1.38 <= 1.38
30 Glutamic Acid/Glutamine	0.14	0.06 0.23 0.05 - 0.47
31 Tryptophan/LNAA*	0.082 L	0.100 0.109 0.090 - 0.109
*I arge neutral amino acids (I		

*Large neutral amino acids (Leu+IIe+Val+Phe+Tyr)

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Nutrient & Toxic Elements Profile - Blood

Methodology: Inductively Coupled Plasma /Mass Spectroscopy



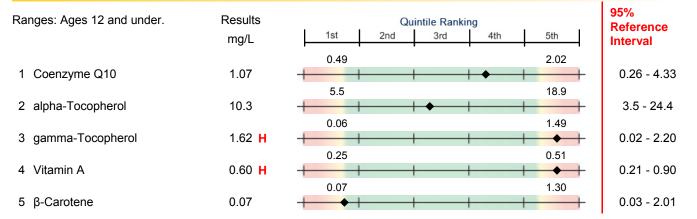
*Relevant to membrane permeability, not nutritional status.

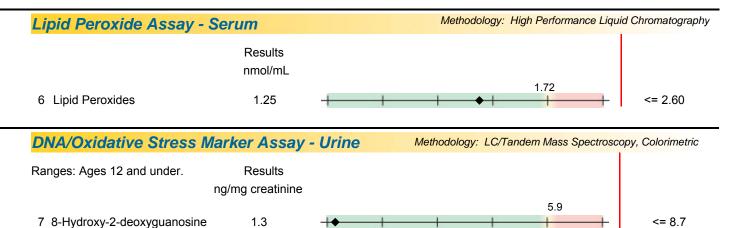
Toxic metals are flagged high when the result is above the 95% Reference Interval. Results for whole blood toxic elements that are within normal limits do not rule out metal accumulation in other tissues. This can be evaluated with urinary porphyrin or urine elements tests.

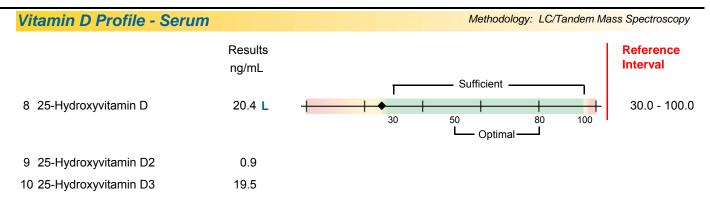
Ordering Physician: John Doe MD

Date Received: 4/4/2013 Date Reported: 4/5/2013

CoEnzyme Q10 Plus Vitamins Profile - Serum Methodology: High Performance Liquid Chromatography







Total 25-Hydroxyvitamin D is considered the best assessment of vitamin D status. The test reflects vitamin D from all sources (diet, supplements, and sun exposure). A 2011 Endocrine Society Clinical Practice Guideline suggested vitamin D deficiency

be defined as < 20 ng/ml, insuffuciency as 21-29 ng/ml, and sufficiency as 30-100 ng/ml.¹ The Vitamin D Council has proposed 50-80 ng/ml as optimal, and 100 ng/ml as an upper limit.² 25-Hydroxyvitamin D3 is from sun exposure, vitamin D-rich foods, or vitamin D3 supplements. 25-Hydroxyvitamin D2 is only from fortified foods or supplements.

 Holick MF, Binkley, NC, Bischoff-Ferrari, HA, et al. Evaluation, treatment, and prevention of vitamin D deficiency: an Endocrine Society clinical practice guideline. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab.* July 2011, 96(7):1911-1930.
Vitamin D Council http://www.vitamindcouncil.org.

Conversion factors: nmol/L = ng/mL x 2.5 | ng/mL = nmol/L x 0.4

* <DL = less than detection limit

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Laboratory Director: Robert M. David, PhD

Page 5

95%

Reference

12 - 82

4 - 165

6 - 43

24 - 191

773 - 1,786

4 - 47

4.7 - 17.9

26 - 100

122 - 532

<= 1.9

1.2 - 15.3

<= 7.7

0.8 - 11.3

22 - 169

33 - 80

416 - 1,271

3.3 - 13.3

<= 2.1

Interval

John Doe MD Date Reported: 4/5/2013 Methodology: Capillary Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry Fatty Acids Profile - Plasma Results Quintile Ranking Ranges: Ages 12 and under. µmol/L 1st 2nd 3rd 5th 4th **Polyunsaturated Omega-3** 18 1 Alpha Linolenic (18:3n3) 13 L 7 Eicosapentaenoic (20:5n3) 23 2 12 Docosapentaenoic (22:5n3) 3 14 39 4 Docosahexaenoic (22:6n3) 55 Polyunsaturated Omega-6 812 1,560 655 L 5 Linoleic (18:2n6) 6 28 6 Gamma Linolenic (18:3n6) 13 6.1 14.4 7 Eicosadienoic (20:2n6) 6.3 30 85 8 Dihomogamma Linolenic (20:3n6) 32 158 375 9 Arachidonic (20:4n6) 342 0.6 10 Docosadienoic (22:2n6) <0.23 4.3 12.9 11 Docosatetraenoic (22:4n6) 7.4 **Polyunsaturated Omega-9** 4.5 12 Mead (20:3n9) 2.8 Monounsaturated 1.1 4.5 13 Myristoleic (14:1n5) 3.9 38 102 14 Palmitoleic (16:1n7) 48 40 72 15 Vaccenic (18:1n7) 36 L 510 1,020 16 Oleic (18:1n9) 893 4.3 10.9 17 11-Eicosenoic (20:1n9) 4.5 1.9

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18 Nervonic (24:1n9)

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-1 +

<1.1

Ordering Physician: John Doe MD			04040319 Child Doe
Fatty Acids Profile - Plasma		Methodology: Capillary Gas Chromatography/Mass Spe	ectrometry
Ranges: Ages 12 and under.	Results µmol/L	210 510 411 511	erence rval
<u>Saturated</u>			
19 Capric (10:0)	1.8	1.6 8.8 3.4 22.9	7 - 68.8
20 Lauric (12:0)	15.5		1 - 52.5
21 Myristic (14:0)	61		15 - 97
22 Palmitic (16:0)	1,294 H		4 - 1,717
23 Stearic (18:0)	406		60 - 566
24 Arachidic (20:0)	1.5 L		.5 - 6.7
25 Behenic (22:0)	0.6 L	0.77 1.91	.6 - 6.2
26 Lignoceric (24:0)	0.76 L	0.43	68 - 3.92
27 Hexacosanoic (26:0)	<0.27		<= 0.76
<u>Odd Chain</u>		10.8	
28 Pentadecanoic (15:0)	7.9		<= 15.6
29 Heptadecanoic (17:0)	11.6		<= 21.4
30 Nonadecanoic (19:0)	0.89	-↓	<= 1.97
31 Heneicosanoic (21:0)	<0.38		<= 0.52
32 Tricosanoic (23:0)	<0.37		<= 0.80
<u>Trans</u>		0.4	
33 Palmitelaidic (16:1n7t)	<0.4		<= 1.0
34 Total C:18 Trans	42 H		<= 48
<u>Ratios</u>			
35 LA/DGLA	20	29 0.12	11 - 44
36 EPA/DGLA	0.72)9 - 4.57
37 AA/EPA	15		1 - 54
38 Triene/Tetraene	0.008		= 0.025

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9

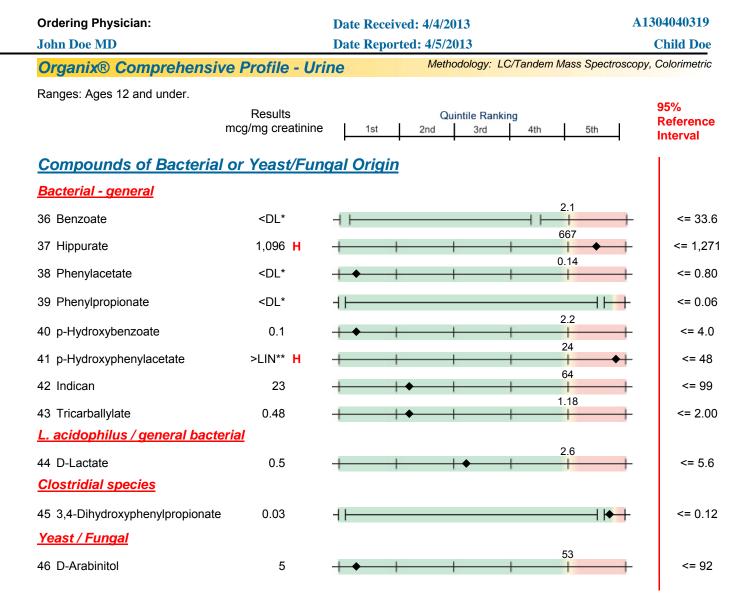
Ordering Physician:		Date Received: 4/4/2013	A1304040319
John Doe MD		Date Reported: 4/5/2013	Child Doe
Organix® Comprehens	sive Profile - Uri	1e Methodology: LC/Tandem Mass Sp	ectroscopy, Colorimetric
Ranges: Ages 12 and under.	Results mcg/mg creatinine	Quintile Ranking 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5	95% Reference th Interval
Nutrient Markers			
Fatty Acid Metabolism			
(Carnitine & B2)		7.5	
1 Adipate	5.8	+ + + +	
2 Suberate	9.7 H	3.2	→ <= 8
3 Ethylmalonate	1.5	5.5	<= 9
Carbohydrate Metabolism			
(B1, B3, Cr, Lipoic Acid, CoQ10)			
4 Pyruvate	<dl*< td=""><td>-↓ </td><td></td></dl*<>	-↓	
5 L-Lactate	4.7	15.1	1.4 - 3
	<dl*< td=""><td>2.2</td><td></td></dl*<>	2.2	
6 β-Hydroxybutyrate <u>Energy Production (Citric</u>)			
(B comp., Q10, Amino acids, Mg)			
7 Citrate	280	703	59 - 1,
8 Cis-Aconitate	50	77	27 - 1
9 Isocitrate	51 L	162	63 - 2
		38.0	
10 a-Ketoglutarate	<dl*< td=""><td>36.1</td><td></td></dl*<>	36.1	
11 Succinate	16.4	0.69	<= 61
12 Fumarate	0.65		
13 Malate	0.4	1.9	
14 Hydroxymethylglutarate	4.5	8.9	<= 13
B-Complex Vitamin Marker			
(B1, B2, B3, B5, B6, Biotin)		0.00	
15 a-Ketoisovalerate	<dl*< td=""><td>- </td><td></td></dl*<>	-	
16 a-Ketoisocaproate	0.06	0.42	<= 0.
17 a-Keto-β-Methylvalerate	<dl*< td=""><td>0.42</td><td><= 1.</td></dl*<>	0.42	<= 1.
		0.32	
18 Xanthurenate	0.92 H	13.5	<= 0.
19 β-Hydroxyisovalerate	2.5	+ + + + +	
Methylation Cofactor Mark	rers		
(B12, Folate)	0.5	2.4	- 1
20 Methylmalonate	0.5	1.9	<= 3
21 Formiminoglutamate	0.2	+	

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Laboratory Director: Robert M. David, PhD

Ordering Physician:		A1304040319	
John Doe MD		Date Reported: 4/5/2013 Methodology: LC/Tandem Mass Spectroscopy	Child Doe
Organix® Comprehensiv	<i>le Profile - Uril</i>	1e Methodology. Lo, randem mass specifoscopy	
Ranges: Ages 12 and under.	Results mcg/mg creatinine	Quintile Ranking 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th	95% Reference Interval
Cell Regulation Markers			
<u>Neurotransmitter Metabolism</u>			
(Tyrosine, Tryptophan, B6, antioxida	ints)	2.9 6.4	
22 Vanilmandelate	6.0		2.0 - 8.2
23 Homovanillate	8.0		2.4 - 16.7
24 5-Hydroxyindoleacetate	17.7 H	3.7 11.9	2.6 - 22.2
25 Kynurenate	1.9 H		<= 2.3
26 Quinolinate	1.4		<= 12.3
27 Picolinate	2.8 L	16.3	4.8 - 28.7
Oxidative Damage and Antion	<u>xidant Markers</u>		
(Vitamin C and other antioxidants)		0.27	
28 p-Hydroxyphenyllactate	0.73 H	5.9	<= 0.67
29 8-Hydroxy-2-deoxyguanosine	1.3		<= 8.7
(Units for 8-Hydroxy-2-deoxyguanosi	ne are ng/mg creatinin	e).	
Toxicants and Detoxifica	ation		
Detoxification Indicators			
(Arg, NAC, Met, Mg and antioxidants)		
30 2-Methylhippurate	0.006	0.122	<= 0.283
31 Orotate	0.09		<= 1.59
32 Glucarate	2.9	9.1	<= 14.8
33 a-Hydroxybutyrate	0.3		<= 0.8
34 Pyroglutamate	7 L		34 - 154
35 Sulfate	1,103	1,073 3,191	784 - 4,494



Creatinine = 200 mg/dL

* <DL = less than detection limit

** >LIN = greater than linearity limit

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ION Analyte Pattern Analysis

Child Doe

A multi-analyte report can provide greater insight about health risks and special nutrient needs. Patterns of abnormalities can reinforce the degree of significance indicated by a single measurement. Analytes from the various profiles in the ION report are combined below into categories associated with clinical/metabolic conditions.

The categories included cover the most common areas of concern relevant to these profiles. Above each thermometer are listed the analytes used to calculate the *degree of significance*. An H or L appears when the patient result is in the fifth quintile (80%) of the population. An additional X next to an analyte indicates that the patient result is outside the 95% reference interval for that analyte.

The thermometer advances to the right as the number and severity of relevant abnormalities increases. The longer the filled bar, the greater the degree of significance or likelihood that a health threat may exist in that category. The preceeding laboratory reports provide the detail upon which these thermometers are based.

Cardiovascula	r System		
Arginine	Homocysteine	Calcium	Magnesium
CoQ10	a-Tocopherol	g-Tocopherol	Lipid Peroxide
8-OHdG	AA/EPA		

Low significance

Fatigue				
Isoleucine	Н	Leucine	Phenylalanine	Valine X H
Magnesium		CoQ10	Adipate	Suberate X H
AKG		Succinate	Malate	Xanthurenate X H
MeMalonate		FIGLU		
Memaionate		FIGLU		

Low significance

High significance

High significance

e (Syndrome X)		
Palmitic H	Stearic	AHB
BHiVal		
		High significance
Tyrosine	Magnesium	EPA
Xanthurenate X H	MeMalonate	FIGLU
5-HIA H		
	BHiVal	BHiVal Tyrosine Magnesium

Low significance

High significance

ION Analyt	e Pattern Analysis		1	A1304040319
				Child Doe
Intestinal Bact	terial Metabolites			
PhAc	PhProp	pOHBenz	pOHPhAc	X H
Indican	Tricarb	D-Lactate	3,4-DHPP	
Low significance			High sig	nificance
Intestinal Yeas	ts / Fungal Metabolites			

D-Arabinitol



Digestion/Absor	ption		
Arginine	Histidine	Isoleucine H	Leucine
Lysine	Methionine	Phenylalanine	Threonine
Tryptophan	Valine X H	Selenium	
Low significance			High significand

Toxic Exposure					
Aluminum	Arsenic X H	Cadmium	Lead		
Mercury	Palmitelaidic	C18TrFa H	Citrate		
Cis-Aconitate	Isocitrate	Quinolinate	2-MeHipp		
Orotate	Glucarate				
Low significance			High significance		
Detoxification Impairment					

Methionine	Glycine	Serine	Taurine
Glutamine	Pyroglutamate <u>X</u> L	Sulfate	Benzoate

Low significance

High significance

ION Analyte Pattern Analysis

A1304040319

Child Doe

Oxidative Stress	Antioxidant Insufficier	ncy	
Taurine	Selenium	Lead	Mercury
a-Tocopherol	Vitamin A	g-Tocopherol	b-Carotene
Lipid Peroxide	8-OHdG	pOHPhLac X H	Sulfate

Low significance

High significance

oerate 🔉
3
ate

Low significance

High significance

Arginine					
0	Histidine		Isoleucine	Н	Leucine
Lysine	Methionine		Phenylalanine		Threonine
Tryptophan	Valine	Х Н	AKG		Succinate
Sulfate					

Low significance

High significance

Essen	tial Fatty Aci	d Insufficiend	су (
AA		ALA	L	EPA	DHA
LA	X L	GLA		DGLA	Palmitoleic
Triene/Te	etraene				
Low signifi	cance				High significance

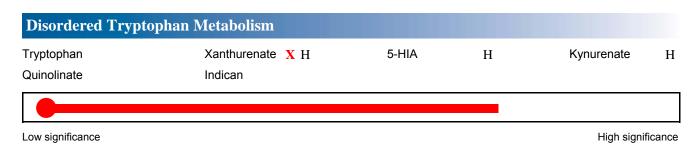
Homocysteine		Pentadeca	Heptadeca	Nonadecanoic
Tricosanoic		Xanthurenate X H	MeMalonate	FIGLU
Kynurenate	Н			

Low significance

High significance

ION Analyte Pattern Analysis

Child Doe



Abbreviation 2-MeHipp 5-HIA 8-OhdG AA/EPA AHB aKbMeVal aKiCap aKiVal AKG ALA a-Tocopherol BHB BHiVal C18TrFa CoQ10 DGLA DHA 3.4 DHPP	Analyte Name 2-Methylhippurate 5-Hydroxyindoleacetate 8-Hydroxy-2-deoxyguanosine Arachidonic (20:4n6)/Eicosapentaenoic (20:5n3) a-Hydroxybutyrate a-Keto-ß-Methylvalerate a-Ketoisocaproate a-Ketoisovalerate a-Ketoglutarate Alpha Linolenic (18:3n3) alpha-Tocopherol ß-Hydroxybutyrate ß-Hydroxybutyrate ß-Hydroxyisovalerate Total C:18 Trans Coenzyme Q10 Dihomogamma Linolenic (20:3n6) Docosahexanoic (22:6n3) 3.4 Dibydroxynbonydropionato	Abbreviation FIGLU g-Tocopherol GLA Heptadeca Hcys HVA HMG LA MeMalonate Pentadeca PhAc PhProp pHBenz pHPhAc pHPhLac Total C:18 Tricarb Triene/Tetraene	Analyte Name Formiminoglutamate gamma-Tocopherol Gamma Linoleic (18:3n6) Heptadecanoic (17:0) Homocysteine Homovanillate Hydroxymethylglutarate Linoleic (18:2n6) Methylmalonate Pentadecanoic (15:0) Phenylacetate Phenylpropionate p-Hydroxybenzoate p-Hydroxybenylacetate p-Hydroxyphenylacetate p-Hydroxyphenylacetate Total c:18 Trans Tricarballylate Mead/Arachidonic Ratio
DHA 3,4-DHPP EPA	. ,	Triene/Tetraene VMA	5

Supplement Recommendation Summary

With knowledge of a patient's full medical history and concerns, the ION Profile laboratory results may be used to help create an individually optimized nutritional support program. Based strictly on the results from this test, the summary table below shows estimates of nutrient doses that may help to normalize nutrient-dependent metabolic functions.

The dosage recommendations are for children 6 to 12. Further adjustments for body weight may be needed.

Customized Vitamin and Mineral Formulation

Nutrients listed in this section are normally contained in a multi-vitamin preparation. "Base" amounts may be used to ensure health even when no abnormalities are found.

Customized preparations of the multi-vitamin/mineral formula shown below may be produced by compounding pharmacies.

	Daily Amounts		
	Base	Units Added	
Vitamin A	1250 IU		
B-Carotene	2750 IU		
Vitamin C	125 mg	1000 mg	
Vitamin D	200 IU	300 IU	
Vitamin E (Mixed Tocopherols)	50 IU	200 IU	
Vitamin K*	50 mcg		
Thiamin (B1)	2.5 mg		
Riboflavin (B2)	2.5 mg		
Niacin (B3)	12.5 mg		
Pyridoxine (B6)	7.5 mg	50 mg	
Folic Acid (or 5-Methyl-THF)	200 mcg		
Vitamin B12	25 mcg		
Biotin	50 mcg	300 mcg	
Pantothenic Acid (B5)	12.5 mg		
Calcium Citrate	250 mg	250 mg	
lodine*	37.5 mcg		
Magnesium	125 mg	25 mg	
Zinc	7.5 mg		
Selenium	50 mcg	25 mcg	
Copper	0.5 mg		
Manganese*	2.5 mg		
Chromium	100 mcg		
Molybdenum*	12.5 mcg		
Boron*	0.5 mg		

* Nutrients with an asterisk are not modified based on the ION test results.

MM02

Other Items Indicated for Individual Supplementation

Various conditionally essential nutrients and other potentially beneficial interventions appear in this section only if relevant abnormalities are present. These ingredients are not included in the customized vitamin formula on the previous page.

Amino acids listed on this page result from functional markers of individual amino acid insufficiency and do not reflect amino acids measured in plasma.

Item	Amount		
Potential to Benefit from Probiotics	Low		
Carnitine	200 mg		
Flax Oil	2 gm		
Need for Other Antioxidants	Moderate		

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Customized Free-Form Amino Acids

The table below shows a customized amino acid formula based on the results of your laboratory profile. The formula is optimized by adding amounts shown in the Grams Added column according to the relative positions of results found.

Directions: Adults mix 1 and 1/2 measuring teaspoon (5g) in juice or water 2 times daily between meals as a dietary supplement, or as directed by a health care provider. Children under 12 years old: 3/4 teaspoon 1-2 times daily between meals. Children under 5 years old: Use 1/4 teaspoon, 1-3 times daily; adjust for body weight.

	Grams Added	% of Formula	Active mg/day
L-Arginine HCI (80% active)	0	10.64	851
L-Histidine HCI (74% active)	0	12.36	915
L-Isoleucine	0	8.51	851
L-Leucine	0	11.68	1,168
L-Lysine HCI (80% active)	0	10.64	851
L-Methionine	0	6.97	697
L-Phenylalanine	0	11.68	1,168
Taurine	0	0.00	0
L-Threonine	0	7.33	733
L-Tryptophan	0	2.00	200
L-Valine	0	10.23	1,023
Pyridoxal-5-phosphate	0	0.27	27
Alpha-ketoglutaric acid	0	7.69	769
Total grams added	0		
Base Formula amount	300		
Total Weight	300		
L-5-Hydroxytryptophan	0	0.67	40

 \checkmark

This formula is intended to optimize essential and conditionally essential amino acid intake. Other non-essential amino acids can be produced in human tissues. Pyridoxal-5-phosphate (an active form of vitamin B6) and alpha-ketoglutaric acid are key factors needed for the body's utilization of amino acids.

The formula may be ordered as a powder that dissolves easily in beverages or may be added to foods such as applesauce. Other forms of supplemental dietary protein or amino acids may need to be restricted while using your customized formula. If enhanced energy levels prevent sleep, avoid bedtime use.

This formula is provided as a starting point that may guide decisions about medical treatment based on the test results. It is derived only from the laboratory results included in this report. Final recommendations should be based on consideration of the patient's medical history and current clinical condition.

In addition to the above customized amino acid formula, this patient may benefit from further use of single amino acids, as evidenced by profiles other than plasma amino acids. See the category, "Other Indicated Nutrients" on your Supplement Recommendation Summary Page.